Key features of the City Epidemic

- Total population 3 702 231
- HIV prevalence 17.6% vs National prevalence of 13.1% for general population and 53.5% for sex workers
- Estimated number of people living with HIV 652 959
- Modes of transmission: Mainly Heterosexual and a generalised HIV epidemic
- Adolescent girls and young women mostly at risk and mostly affected (intergenerational, transactional sexual relations)
- High rate of TB and HIV co infection
HIGH RISK GROUPS:
- AGYW
- Informal settlements
- Migrant workers
- Key Populations
- Community Residential Units
HIV and TB City’s Response

• Multi-sectoral response through District and Ward AIDS Councils led by political leaders mayor and ward councillors.

• Partnerships with donor funded organisations, enhances performance and improves outputs

• Policy framework that support and enhance HIV and TB integration
ETHEKWINI HIV 90-90-90 CASCADE

March 2019

- **Total living with HIV**: 652,959
- **Total living with HIV know status**: 593,732 (91%)
- **Total living with HIV on ART**: 457,368 (77%)
- **Total living with HIV viral load done 12m**: 142,050 (85%)
- **Total living with HIV viral load suppressed 12m**: 117,431 (93%)

Source: DHIS
Fast Track Cities – City’s Response

HIV Prevention Interventions

• Pre Exposure Prophylaxis
• SHE Conquers which is a programme targeting AGYW – resilience, empowerment (layering of prevention interventions) -
• Adolescent and Youth Friendly Services - Youth ambassadors
• Medical Male circumcision
• Elimination of Mother to child transmission (from 0,75% to <0,5% by 2020)
• HIV testing services targeting high risk individuals:
  • Testing of contacts of index clients (Ward Based Outreach Teams)
  • Extended hours to increase access targeting the working class
  • Outreach health screening services (Hlola Manje, Zivikele Campaign)
Fast Track Cities – City’s Response

Treatment and Retention in Care

• Active linkage to care and offer same day treatment (facility and outreach)
• Treatment buddy – case managers to enhance adherence and retention in care
• SMS reminders for ART patients
• Active tracking and tracing of defaulters – called, traced “Welcome Back Campaign”
• Decanting of stable clients to collect from external Pick up points, community chronic clubs and Pele boxes
Fast Track Cities – City’s Response

Close Monitoring of Performance

• Daily reporting against targets (facilities and WBOTS)
• Weekly Nerve centre Meetings – Cluster and sub-district performance
• Quarterly performance reviews
• Monitor individual performance, facility and outreach
THANK YOU