

The HDAC inhibitor romidepsin is safe and effectively reverses HIV-1 latency in vivo as measured by standard clinical assays

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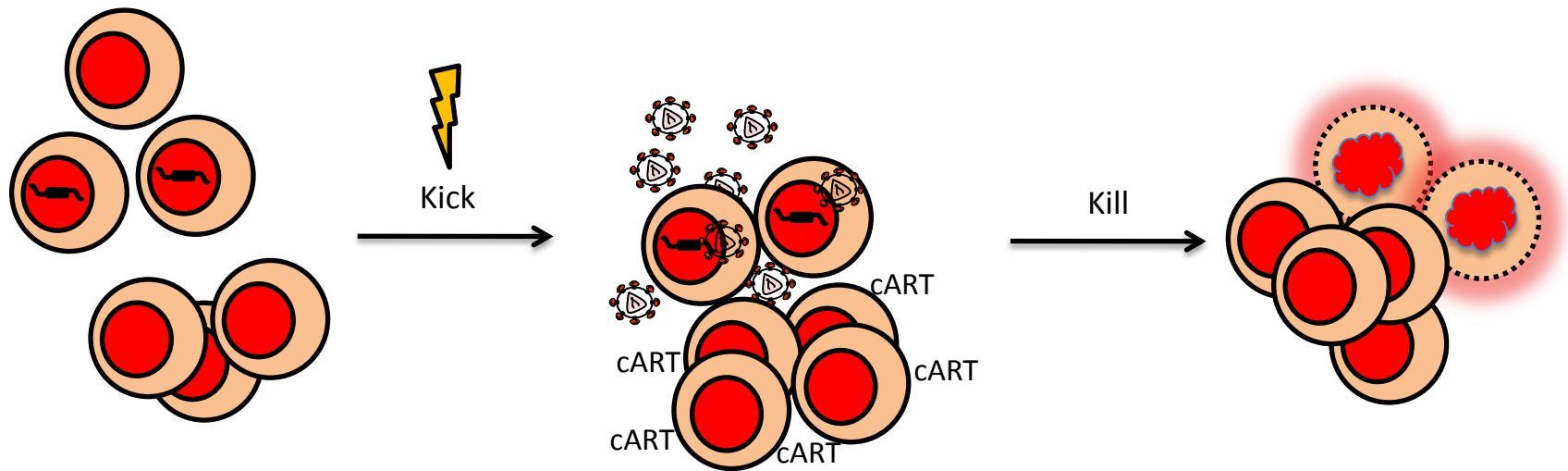


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The “kick and kill” approach to cure HIV

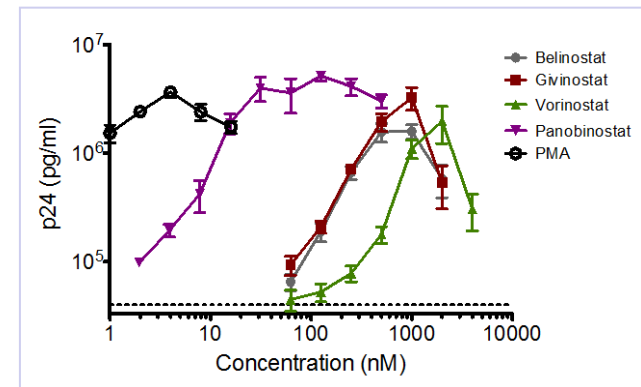
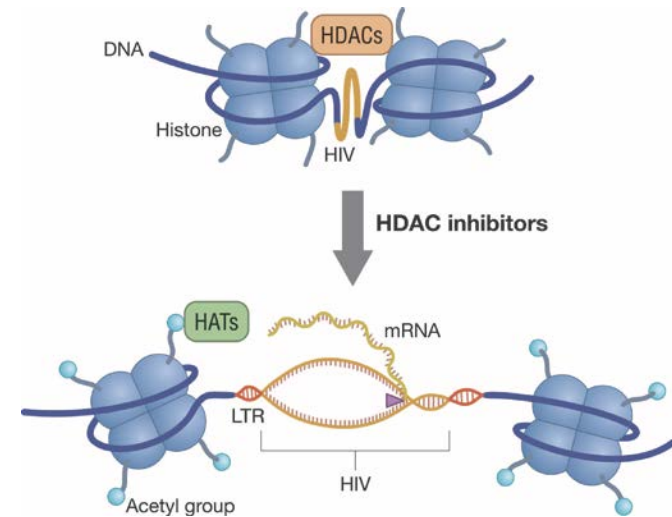
Reactivate latent viral expression

- HDAC inhibitors, PKC activators, BET bromodomain inhibitors, etc.



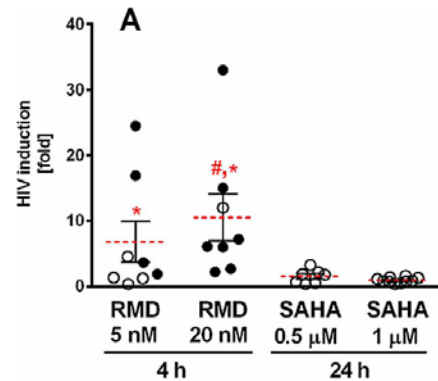
HDAC inhibitors

- Induce HIV mRNA transcription in latently infected resting CD4 cells *in vivo*
- Considerable variability in potency between HDACis
- Ultimately, HDACis should induce virion release to allow for immune-mediated killing of infected cells



Romidepsin

- Licensed in the US for treatment of PTCL and CTCL
- Increase extracellular RNA release from memory and resting CD4+ T cells in patients on cART *ex vivo*
- EC₅₀ for RMD approx. 4.5 nM compared with 3,950 nM for SAHA in a primary T cell model
- RMD (IV) T_{1/2}~4 hrs
- However, *ex vivo* viral outgrowth data question the ability of HDACi (incl. RMD) to reverse latency *in vivo*



	Patient	DMSO control	Voninostat	Romidepsin	Panobinostat	Disulfiram	Bryostatins-1	PMA + ionomycin	IUPM
S2	(-)	(-)	(+)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(+)	0.220	
S3	(-)	(-)	(+)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(+)	0.220	
S6	(-)	(-)	(+)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(+)	8.079	
S7	(-)	(-)	(+)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(+)	1.108	
S14	(-)	(-)	(+)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(+)	Not measured	
S15	(-)	(-)	(+)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(+)	Not measured	
S17	(-)	(-)	(+)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(+)	1.610	
S26	(-)	(-)	(+)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	<0.220	
S27	(-)	(-)	(+)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(+)	1.108	
S28	(-)	(-)	(+)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(+)	0.511	
S29	(-)	(-)	(+)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(+)	16.248	
S30	(-)	(-)	(+)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(+)	0.220	
S31	(-)	(-)	(+)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	<0.220	

Trial design

- Non-randomized interventional trial
- Romidepsin (5 mg/m²) IV day 0, 7, and 14
- Primary endpoints: **Safety** as well as **activation of HIV-1 from latency** as determined by plasma HIV-1 RNA and cell-associated unspliced HIV-1 RNA in total CD4+ cells
- Secondary endpoints: H3 acetylation, HIV-1 DNA, T cell activation
- HIV-1 patients on cART
 - Age >18 years
 - CD4 >500 cells/ μ L
 - VL <50 copies/mL for >1 year
 - No HBV/HCV infection
 - No significant cardiac disease

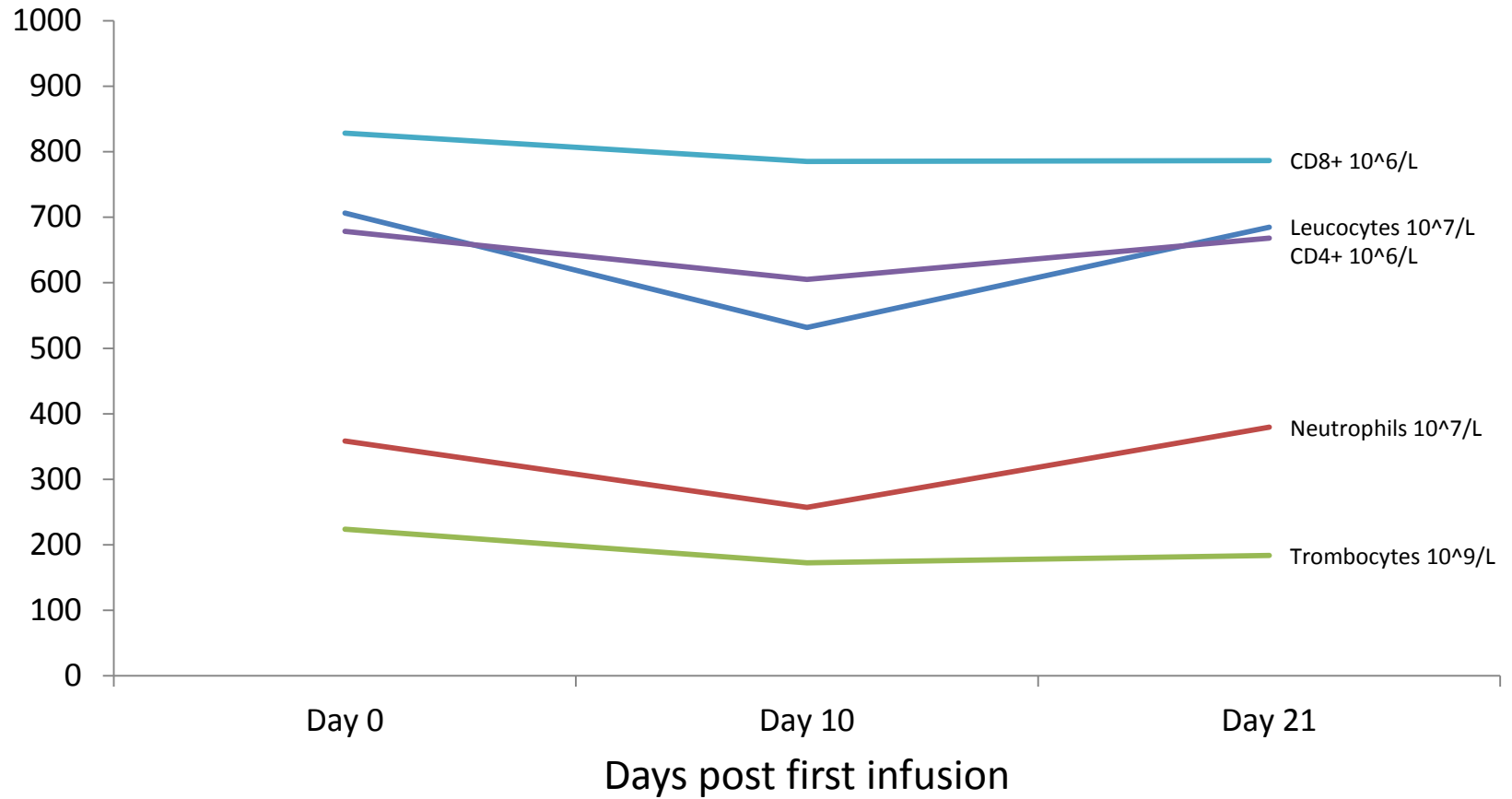
Patient characteristics

- N=6, 5 males and 1 female (caucasian)
- Median
 - CD4+ cell count: 760 (range 510-1000)
 - age: 54 years (range 37-60)
 - duration of cART: 9.5 years (range 4.2-14.5)
- None started cART during PHI
- ART regimens: PI+2NRTIs (n=3), NNRTI+2NRTIs (n=2), INT+2NRTIs (n=1)

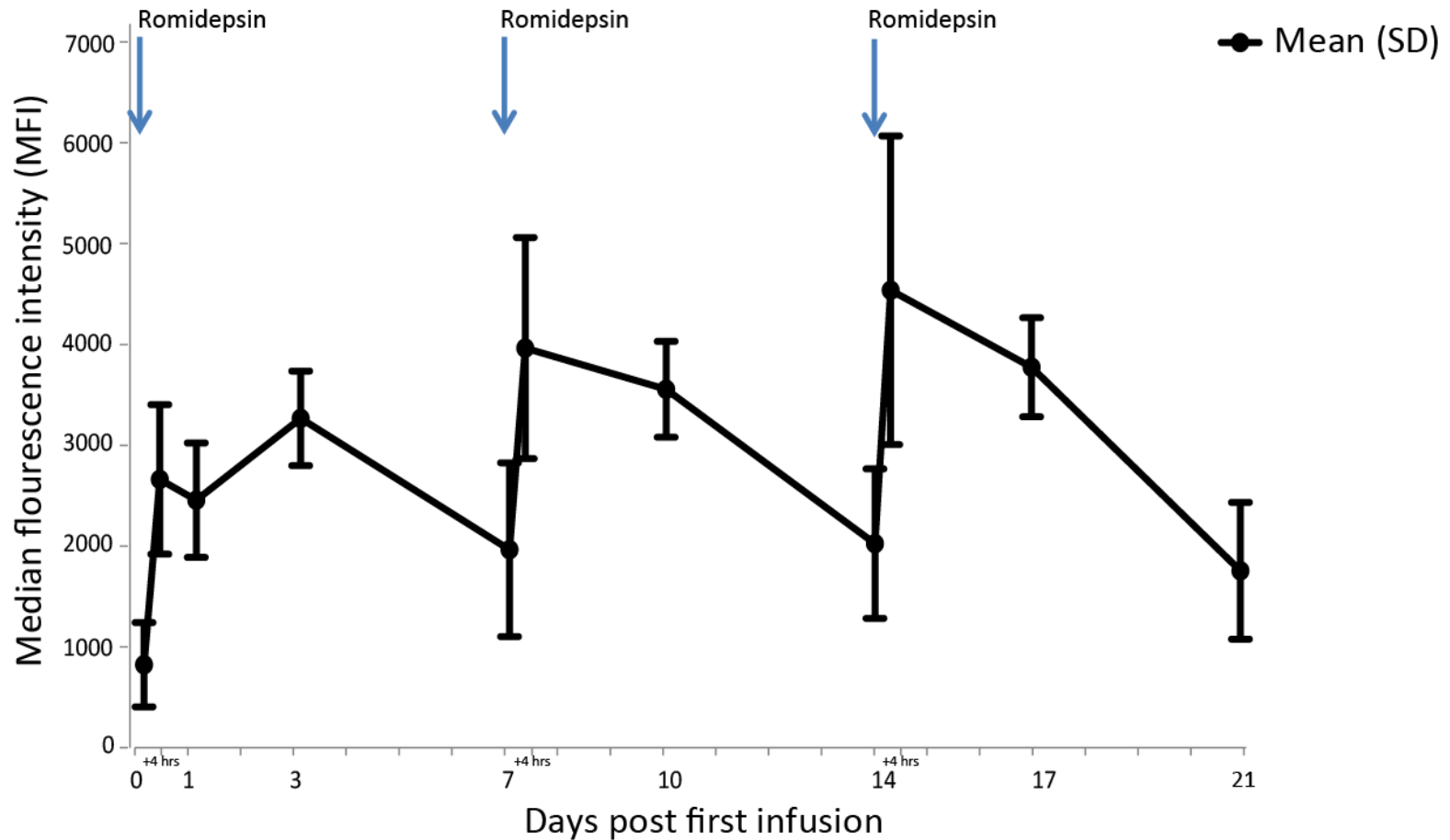
Self-reported AEs

- 40 adverse events (AE) were registered – 36 AEs were considered to be related to the study drug
- Most AEs were mild (grade 1, n=38) and resolved spontaneously within a few days
- Two AEs were grade 2 (fatigue and fever in one individual after the 2nd infusion)
- The number of AEs reported by each study participant during follow-up ranged from 1 to 13 (up to day 21)
- The most common AEs were abdominal symptoms such as nausea (n=12), borborygmia (n=4), abdominal pain (n=2), diarrhea (n=1), and vomiting (n=1) and fatigue (n=5).

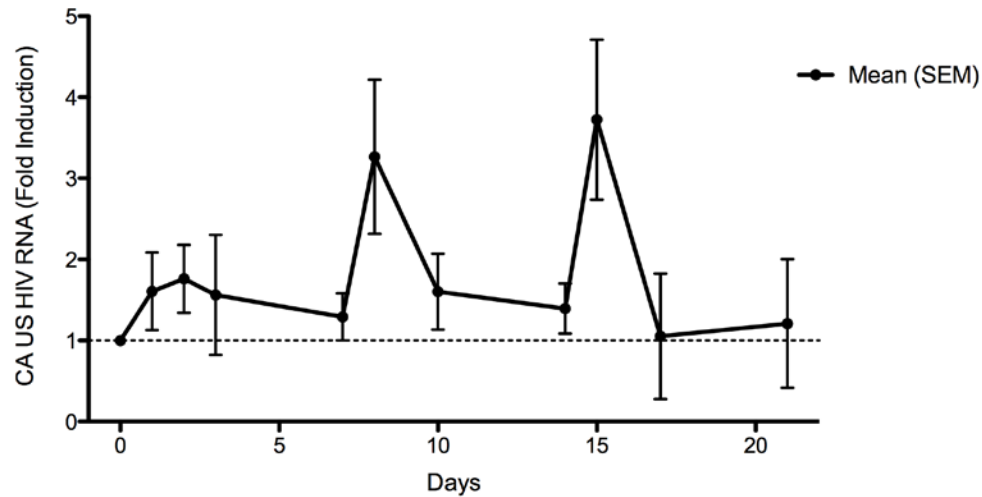
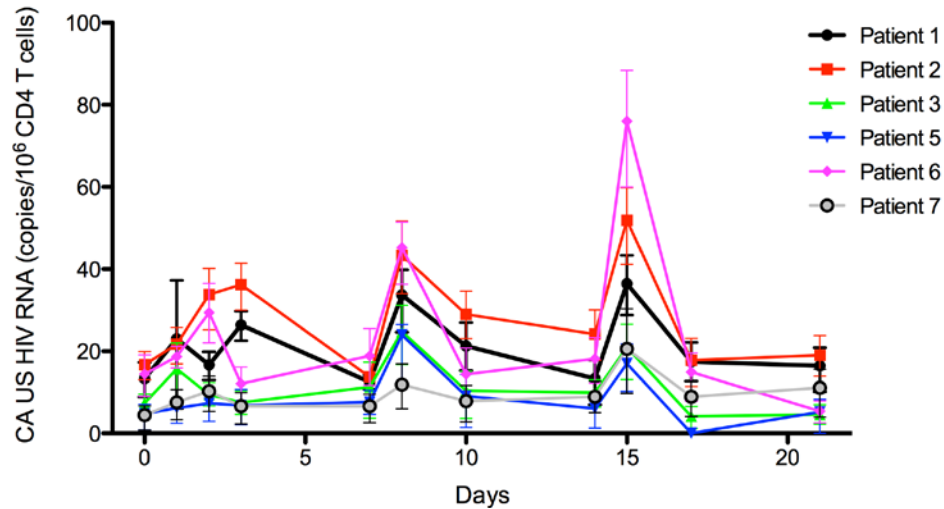
Biochemistry



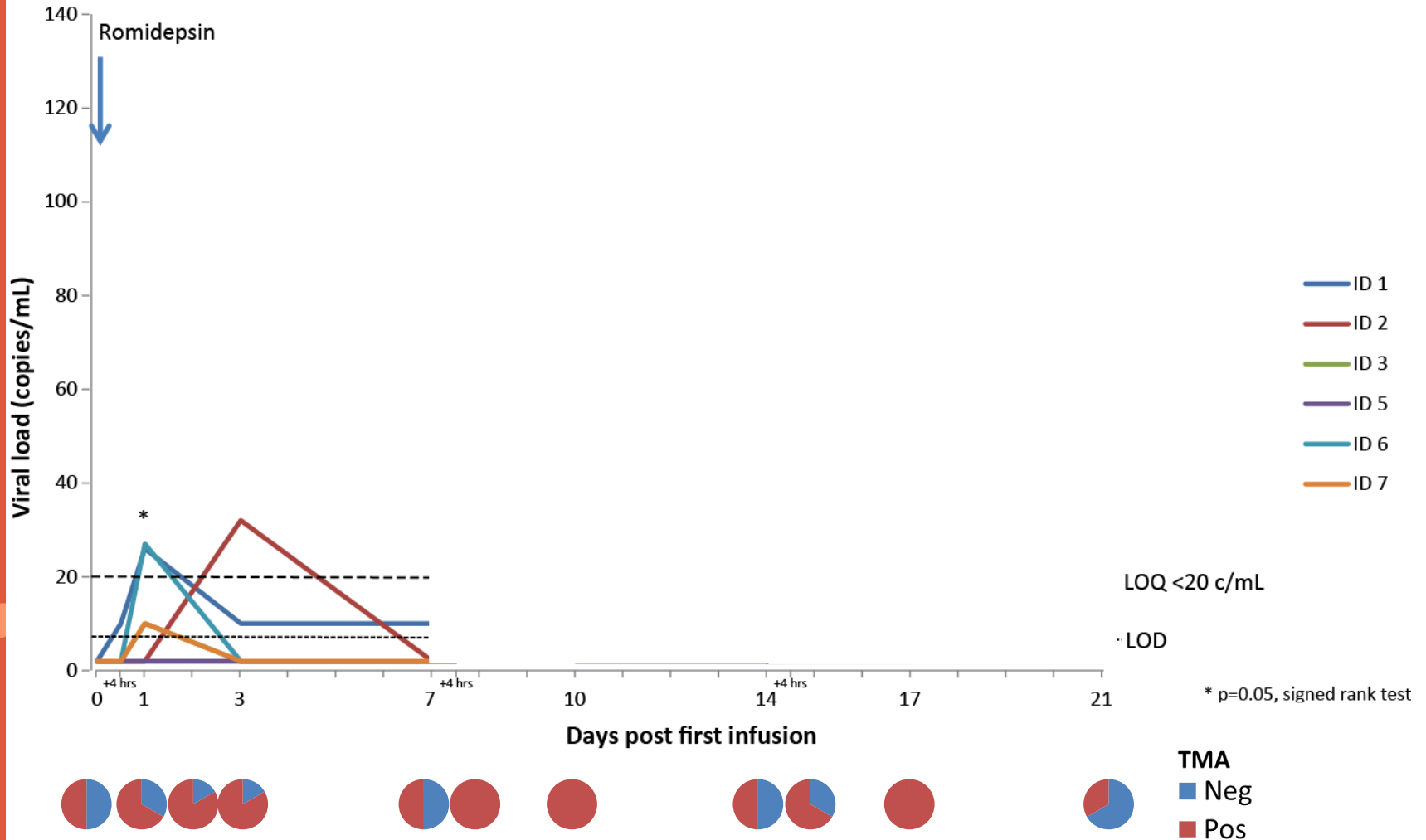
Lymphocyte histone H3 acetylation



Cell-associated unspliced HIV-1 RNA

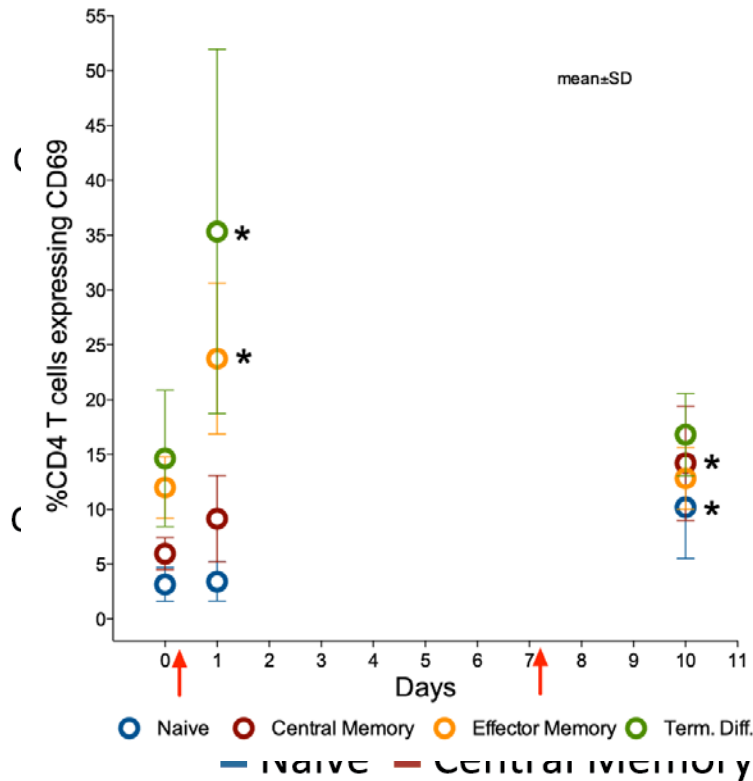


Plasma HIV-1 RNA

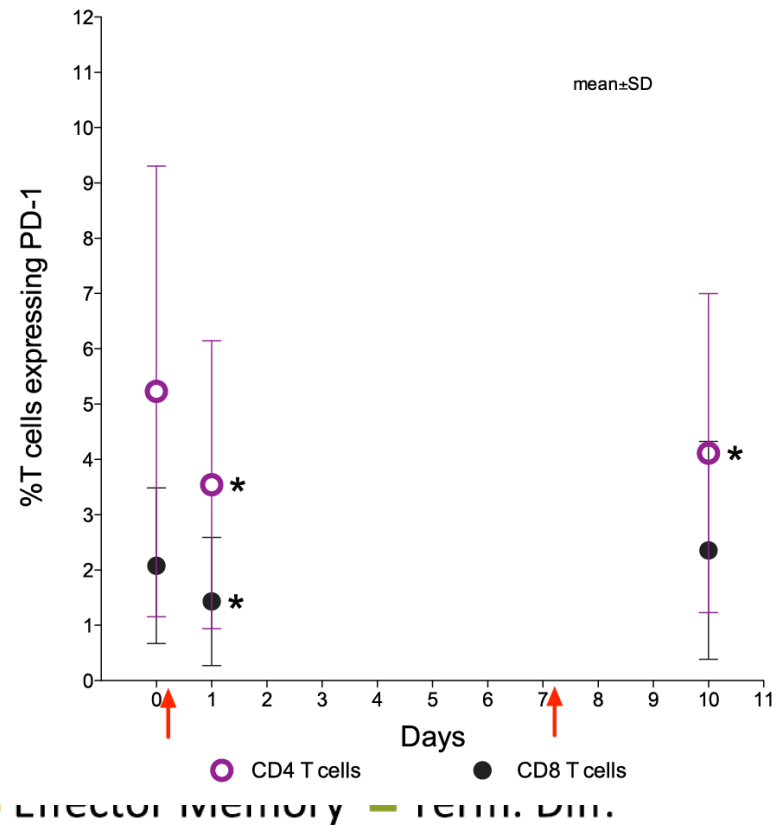


T cell subsets, activation and PD-1 expr.

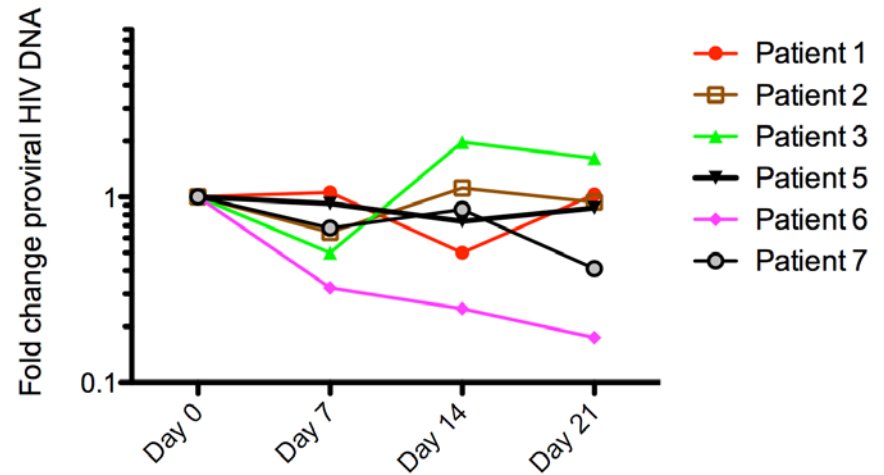
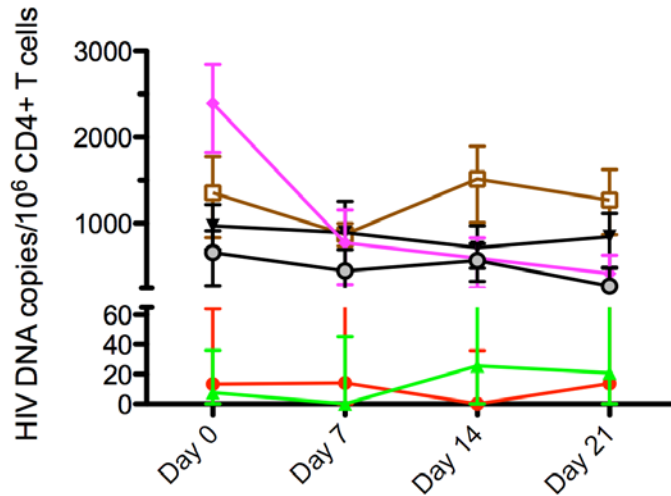
CD69 expression in CD4 T cell memory subsets



PD-1 on CD4 and CD8 T cells



Total HIV-1 DNA in CD4+ T cells



Conclusions

- RMD safely activated latently infected cells and induced transient quantifiable plasma viremia
- Phenotypic changes occurred in the T cell compartment during RMD treatment
- The HIV-1 reservoir was not significantly reduced by RMD (as measured by HIV-1 DNA)
- A clinical trial combining a therapeutic HIV vaccine (Vacc-4x) and RMD is ongoing

Acknowledgments

THE STUDY PARTICIPANTS

Department of Infectious Diseases, Aarhus University Hospital

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- Thomas Aagaard Rasmussen
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